

Legislature in its General Appropriation Bill for the performance of such duties under this Act, and shall make and file a surety bond in favor of the Texas State Board of Medical Examiners in the sum of not less than Ten Thousand (\$10,000.00) Dollars, conditioned that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office. Such salary shall be paid out of said "Medical Registration Fund" and shall not be, in any way, a charge upon the general revenue of the State. The Texas State Board of Medical Examiners shall employ and provide such clerks and employees as may be necessary to assist the Secretary-Treasurer in performing his duties and in carrying out the purposes of this Act; provided, that the compensation of all persons authorized to be employed under this chapter, shall be paid only out of said "Medical Registration Fund." All disbursements from said fund shall be made only upon written approval of the president and secretary-treasurer of the State Board of Medical Examiners and upon warrants drawn by the Comptroller to be paid out of said fund.

Sec. 4. This Act shall not be construed as repealing any part of Chapter Six of Title 71, Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, or Chapter Six of Title 12 of the Penal Code of 1925.

Sec. 5. The fact that it is desirable to have a State record properly kept on an annual basis, showing the number of persons engaged in the practice of medicine in this State, and showing where such persons are engaged and under what authority they are so engaged, creates an emergency, which requires that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days, be and the same is hereby suspended, and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

FORTY-NINTH DAY.

Senate Chamber,
Austin, Texas,
March 24, 1931.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock a. m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by President Pro Tem. Carl Hardin.

The roll was called, a quorum being present, the following Senators answering to their names:

Berkeley.	Parr.
Cousins.	Parrish.
Cunningham.	Patton.
DeBerry.	Poage.
Gainer.	Pollard.
Greer.	Purl.
Hardin.	Rawlings.
Holbrook.	Russek.
Hopkins.	Small.
Hornsby.	Stevenson.
Loy.	Thomason.
Martin.	Williamson.
Moore.	Woodruff.
Neal.	Woodul.
Oneal.	Woodward.

Absent.

Beck.

Prayer by the Rev. C. T. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Waco.

Pending the reading of the Journal of yesterday, the same was dispensed with on motion of Senator Woodward.

Petitions and Memorials.

(See Appendix.)

Committee Reports.

(See Appendix.)

Bills and Resolutions.

By an affirmative vote of four-fifths of the membership of the Senate, the constitutional rule relating to the introduction of bills during the last 90 days of the session was suspended and consent was granted to introduce the following bills:

By Senator Neal:

S. B. No. 568, A bill to be entitled "An Act fixing the maximum amount of fees which all officers can receive under the provisions of the maximum fee bill in counties having a prescribed population, and declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to Committee on State Affairs.

By Senator Small:

S. B. No. 569, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Article 3897 R. S. as amended by Section 5, Chapter 20, Acts Forty-first Legislature, Fourth Called Session, so as to exempt officers in Counties of less than 25,000 inhabitants from the require-

ment of making sworn reports; prohibiting commissioners' courts from allowing such officers ex-officio salary so that they may receive any amount above the maximum fixed by said chapter; and declaring an emergency."

Read and referred to Committee on Civil Jurisprudence.

S. B. No. 569 was introduced by the following vote:

Yeas—10.

Berkeley.	Oneal.
Cunningham.	Parrish.
Greer.	Poage.
Loy.	Rawlings.
Neal.	Thomason.

Nays—16.

Cousins.	Patton.
Hardin.	Purl.
Holbrook.	Small.
Hopkins.	Stevenson.
Hornsby.	Williamson.
Martin.	Woodruff.
Moore.	Woodul.
Parr.	Woodward.

Absent.

Beck.	Pollard.
Gainer.	

Message From the Governor.

The Chair recognized the Door-keeper, who introduced a messenger from the Governor with the following message:

Executive Department,
Austin, Texas, March 23, 1931.
To the Senate of Texas:

Subject to your confirmation I have appointed Honorable Elmer L. Lincoln of Texarkana, Texas, to be District Attorney of the Fifth Judicial District of Texas, effective April 1, 1931, and to succeed Honorable R. G. Waters, resigned.

Very truly yours,

R. S. STERLING,
Governor.

Read and referred to the Committee on Governor's Nominations.

Messages From the House.

The Chair recognized the Door-keeper, who introduced a messenger from the House with the following messages:

Hall of the House of Representatives.

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following bills:

H. B. No. 9, A bill to be entitled "An Act defining fraternal benefit societies; providing a lodge system and requiring a representative form of government; prescribing the qualifications of membership therein, and granting members right to designate their own beneficiaries, etc., and declaring an emergency."

H. B. No. 258, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Article 7150, Section 1, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, of the State of Texas, by adding thereto a provision exempting a dwelling place for the ministry of such church or religious society, and declaring an emergency."

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Hall of the House of Representatives.

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has concurred in Senate amendments to H. B. No. 725 by a vote of 106 yeas and 1 nay, and in Senate amendments to H. B. No. 109 by a viva voce vote.

The House has adopted the following resolutions:

S. C. R. No. 26, Recalling H. B. No. 656 to the Senate for correction.

H. C. R. No. 44, Recalling H. B. No. 537 from the Governor's office for correction.

The House reconsidered the vote by which the House concurred in Senate amendments to H. B. No. 656 by a viva voce vote and under authority of S. C. R. No. 26 herewith return H. B. No. 656 to the Senate for correction.

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Hall of the House of Representatives.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House

to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following bills:

H. B. No. 760, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Chapter 274, Acts of the Fortieth Legislature, Regular Session, as amended by Chapter 8, Acts of the Fortieth Legislature, First Called Session, relating to the offense of murder, providing additional procedure for instructing the jury upon the trial of the offense of murder, and declaring an emergency."

H. B. No. 761, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Article 1160, Penal Code, 1925, relating to the offense of assault with intent to murder, and adding to Chapter 4, Title 15, Penal Code of the State of Texas, Article 1160a, providing that upon the trial of one charged with the offense mentioned there shall be an instruction defining malice aforethought and in a proper case, murder without malice; fixing the penalty for assault with intent to murder without malice; repealing all laws in conflict herewith, and declaring an emergency."

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISE SNOW PHINNEY,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Motion to Print.

Senator Poage called up his motion previously spread on the Journal to print H. B. No. 42 on minority report. The motion was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—25.

Berkeley.	Oneal.
Cousins.	Parr.
Cunningham.	Patton.
DeBerry.	Purl.
Gainer.	Rawlings.
Greer.	Small.
Hardin.	Stevenson.
Holbrook.	Thomason.
Hopkins.	Williamson.
Hornsby.	Woodruff.
Martin.	Woodul.
Moore.	Woodward.
Neal.	

Nays—2.

Parrish.	Poage.
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Absent.

Beck.	Pollard.
Loy.	Russek.

(Pair Recorded.)

Senator DeBerry (present) who would vote yea, with Senator Russek (absent) who would vote nay.

Reason for Vote.

On the motion to print H. B. No. 42 on Minority Committee report, I voted yea for the following reasons: In the first place I want it understood that I am not voting for a 10-juror bill. I have had numbers of letters and arguments submitted to me against this bill, but I have had no opportunity of hearing the proponents of this bill advance their reasons in favor of this bill. I voted for consideration of this bill because I wanted to hear the subject discussed as I was not a member of this committee before which the bill was considered.

DeBERRY.

Motion to Concur.

On motion of Senator Greer, the Senate concurred in House amendment to S. B. No. 367.

Motion to Reconsider.

Senator Greer spread on the Journal a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate concurred in the House amendment to S. B. No. 367.

H. C. R. No. 44.

The Chair laid before the Senate: H. C. R. No. 44, Recalling H. B. No. 537 from the Governor's office. Read and adopted.

S. J. R. No. 2.

The Chair laid before the Senate the following resolution:

By Senators Woodul and Williamson:

S. J. R. No. 2, Proposing an amendment to Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding to Section 48 thereof a provision authorizing the levying of taxes for State highway purposes and by adding to Section 49 of said Article a provision enabling the Legislature to provide for the extension of the credit of the State for the purpose of the construction of a system of State highways and reimbursing outlays and assuming obligations

made by counties and defining road districts of the State thereof.

Senator Small moved to lay the resolution on the resolution on the table subject to call. The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—14.

Berkeley.	Oneal.
Cunningham.	Parrish.
DeBerry.	Poage.
Greer.	Purl.
Hardin.	Rawlings.
Hornsby.	Small.
Martin.	Woodruff.

Nays—12.

Beck.	Patton.
Cousins.	Stevenson.
Gainer.	Thomason.
Holbrook.	Williamson.
Moore.	Woodul.
Parr.	Woodward.

Absent.

Hopkins.	Pollard.
Loy.	Russek.
Neal.	

House Bills Referred.

H. B. No. 9 referred to Committee on Insurance.

H. B. No. 258 referred to Committee on State Affairs.

H. B. No. 760 referred to Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence.

H. B. No. 761 referred to Committee on Criminal Jurisprudence.

H. B. No. 656 Re-referred.

On motion of Senator Small, H. B. No. 656 was re-referred to the Committee on Highways and Motor Traffic.

S. J. R. No. 19.

Senator Parr called up from the table:

By Senator Parr:

S. J. R. No. 19, A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 30 of Article 16 of the Constitution, providing that the duration of all offices not fixed by the Constitution shall be for four years, etc., and making appropriation therefor.

The committee report was adopted.

Read second time.

Senator Purl sent up the following amendment:

Amend proposed resolution No. 19

by substituting the following: Strike all of Section 1 and substituting the following Section 1:

"Section 1. That Section 30 of Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 30. The duration of all offices not fixed by this Constitution shall be for precinct offices four years, judicial offices any term not exceeding six years as the Legislature may determine, county offices any term not to exceed four years as the Legislature may determine, district offices not to exceed four years as the Legislature may determine. Members of the House of Representatives for four years, 75 members to be elected every two years. Members of the State Senate six years. Ten to be elected every two years; ten to be elected every four years, and eleven every six years. The members of the Railroad Commission shall consist of three commissioners who shall be elected by the people and their terms of office shall be six years, and one such commissioner shall be elected every two years. Mayors, city aldermen or commissioners, school trustees of any city, county, or political subdivision for any term not exceeding six years as the Legislature may determine. Officers who are elected or appointed as members of State boards or commissions for any term not exceeding six years as the Legislature may determine.

PURL.

Read and adopted.

The resolution failed to pass to engrossment by the following vote:

Yeas—11.

Beck.	Parr.
Gainer.	Patton.
Greer.	Pollard.
Holbrook.	Williamson.
Hornsby.	Woodul.
Moore.	

Nays—17.

Berkeley.	Poage.
Cousins.	Purl.
Cunningham.	Rawlings.
DeBerry.	Small.
Hopkins.	Stevenson.
Loy.	Thomason.
Martin.	Woodruff.
Oneal.	Woodward.
Parrish.	

Absent.

Hardin. Russek.
Neal.

Bills Signed.

The Chair, President Pro Tem. Carl Hardin, gave notice of signing, and did sign, in the presence of the Senate, after their captions had been read, the following bills and resolutions:

H. B. No. 725. H. C. R. No. 44.
S. C. R. No. 26. H. B. No. 109.
H. C. R. No. 42.

Free Conference Granted.

On motion of Senator Woodward, the Senate voted to grant the request of the House for a Free Conference Committee on H. B. No. 159.

The Chair appointed the following on the part of the Senate:

Senators Woodward, Stevenson, Martin, Woodul, and Rawlings.

Senate Bill No. 337.

The Chair laid before the Senate as special order the following bill:

By Senator Small:

S. B. No. 337, A bill to be entitled "An Act to define marginal wells; declaring it to constitute waste artificially to restrict the normal production therefrom; directing the Railroad Commission to promulgate rules and regulations to prevent such artificial restriction except in certain cases; providing for notices, hearings and reviews of such rules and orders; prohibiting the artificial restriction of such wells and providing for penalties; declaring each provision independent of each other provision, and declaring an emergency."

The committee report was adopted.

The bill was read second time and passed to engrossment.

On motion of Senator Small, the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days was suspended and S. B. No. 337 was put on its third reading and final passage, by the following vote:

Yeas—30.

Beck. DeBerry.
Berkeley. Gainer.
Cousins. Greer.
Cunningham. Hardin.

Holbrook. Poage.
Hopkins. Pollard.
Hornsby. Purl.
Loy. Rawlings.
Martin. Small.
Moore. Stevenson.
Neal. Thomason.
Oneal. Williamson.
Parr. Woodruff.
Parrish. Woodul.
Patton. Woodward.

Absent.

Russek.

Read third time and finally passed by the following vote:

Yeas—30.

Beck. Oneal.
Berkeley. Parr.
Cousins. Parrish.
Cunningham. Patton.
DeBerry. Poage.
Gainer. Pollard.
Greer. Purl.
Hardin. Rawlings.
Holbrook. Small.
Hopkins. Stevenson.
Hornsby. Thomason.
Loy. Williamson.
Martin. Woodruff.
Moore. Woodul.
Neal. Woodward.

Absent.

Russek.

Recess.

Senator Rawlings moved to recess until 2 o'clock p. m.

Senator Patton moved to recess until 3 o'clock p. m. The motion prevailed and at 11:57 o'clock a. m., the Senate recessed.

After Recess.

The Senate met at 3 o'clock p. m., pursuant to recess, and was called to order by President Pro Tem. Carl Hardin.

Senate Bill No. 286.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill:

By Senator Parrish:

S. B. No. 286, A bill to be entitled "An Act to establish and maintain an agricultural experiment station on the South Plains of Texas, in the region occupied by the counties of Cochran, Yoakum, Gaines, Andrews,

Terry, and portions of Lynn and Dawson; authorizing the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas to select a suitable location for said station, and empowering said board of directors to establish and maintain same; to accept donations of land, water, and money for the establishment of said station; making an appropriation to pay the cost of establishing said station, and for the operation of same; and declaring an emergency."

Read second time.

On motion of Senator Parrish, the bill was laid on the table subject to call.

Senate Bill No. 81.

By Senator Small:

S. B. No. 81, A bill to be entitled "An Act to establish and maintain an agricultural experiment station in the Panhandle region of Texas, authorizing the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas to select a suitable location for said station, and empowering said board to establish and maintain the same, to accept donations of lands, water and money for the establishment of said station, making an appropriation to pay the cost of establishing said station and for the operation of same, and declaring an emergency."

Read second time.

On motion of Senator Small, the bill was laid on the table subject to call.

Senate Bill No. 231.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill:

By Senator Parr:

S. B. No. 231, A bill to be entitled "An Act requiring that Bermuda onions shipped or sold in containers shall show thereon the name and address of the grower or shipper and the grade of classification and providing penalty and declaring an emergency."

Read second time.

On motion of Senator Parr, the bill was laid on the table subject to call.

Senate Bill No. 114.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill:

By Senator Hornsby:

S. B. No. 114, A bill to be entitled "An Act requiring all Public Cotton Classers to have a Federal Cotton Classifier's License, to file duplicate with the Commissioner of Agriculture of Texas, to make bond, providing for registration fee, creating a special fund, authorizing the expenditure of such fund by the Commissioner of Agriculture as now provided for by law, granting certain powers to the Commissioner of Agriculture as administrator of this Act, providing penalties, defining certain terms, and declaring an emergency."

Read second time.

Senator DeBerry sent up the following amendment:

Amend S. B. No. 114 by striking out Sec. 11 and insert in lieu thereof the following: "All money so collected shall be paid over by the Commissioner to the State Treasurer and shall be placed in the general fund of the State." Amend the caption accordingly.

DeBERRY.

Read and adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—14.

Berkeley.	Martin.
Cousins.	Oneal.
DeBerry.	Poage.
Gainer.	Pollard.
Greer.	Purl.
Holbrook.	Rawlings.
Loy.	Woodruff.

Nays—11.

Beck.	Parrish.
Cunningham.	Patton.
Hardin.	Small.
Hornsby.	Stevenson.
Moore.	Woodul.
Parr.	

Absent.

Hopkins.	Thomason.
Neal.	Williamson.
Russek.	Woodward.

Senator Purl sent up the following amendments:

Amend S. B. No. 114 by striking out all of Section 8.

PURL.

Read and adopted.

Amend S. B. No. 114 by striking out all of Section 3.

PURL.

The amendment was read.

Senator Hornsby moved to table the amendment. The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—18.

Beck.	Parr.
Berkeley.	Parrish.
Cunningham.	Patton.
DeBerry.	Poage.
Gainer.	Pollard.
Greer.	Small.
Holbrook.	Stevenson.
Hornsby.	Woodul.
Neal.	Woodward.

Nays—5.

Cousins.	Thomason.
Moore.	Woodruff.
Purl.	

Absent.

Hardin.	Oneal.
Hopkins.	Rawlings.
Loy.	Russek.
Martin.	Williamson.

Senator Purl sent up the following amendments:

Amend S. B. No. 114 by renumbering the sections to conform to the purposes of the bill.

PURL.

Read and adopted.

Amend S. B. No. 114 by amending caption to conform to the bill.

PURL.

Read and adopted.

The bill was passed to engrossment by the following vote:

Yeas—14.

Beck.	Parrish.
Berkeley.	Patton.
Cunningham.	Poage.
Gainer.	Small.
Greer.	Stevenson.
Hornsby.	Woodul.
Parr.	Woodward.

Nays—12.

Cousins.	Loy.
DeBerry.	Martin.
Holbrook.	Moore.

Neal.
Pollard.
Purl.

Rawlings.
Thomason.
Woodruff.

Absent.

Hardin.
Hopkins.

Oneal.
Williamson.

Absent-Excused.

Russek.

Simple Resolution No. 89.

Senator Neal sent up the following resolution:

Whereas, Hon. Chas. L. Brachfield, former Senator from the Henderson district, and other citizens from Rusk County are now in the Senate Chamber; now, therefore, be it

Resolved That they be extended the privileges of the floor, that they be presented to this body, and invited to address the Senate.

NEAL,
POLLARD,
PATTON.

Read and adopted.

Judge Brachfield Speaks.

The Chair appointed Senators Neal, Pollard, Patton and Beck to escort the gentlemen to the platform.

The Chair, Senator Woodul, introduced Senator Neal, who introduced Mr. Groover, Mr. G. R. Farmer, Mr. John Alford, and Judge Brachfield.

Judge Brachfield briefly addressed the Senate.

Adjournment.

Senator Parr moved to adjourn until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Senator Patton moved to adjourn until 10 o'clock. The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—15.

Berkeley.	Oneal.
Cousins.	Patton.
Gainer.	Poage.
Greer.	Pollard.
Hardin.	Small.
Holbrook.	Stevenson.
Hopkins.	Thomason.
Moore.	

Nays—10.

Cunningham.	Hornsby.
DeBerry.	Parr.

Parrish. Woodruff.
Purl. Woodul.
Williamson. Woodward.

Absent.

Beck. Neal.
Loy. Rawlings.
Martin. Russek.

At 4:52 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

APPENDIX.

Committee on Enrolled Bills.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.
Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Enrolled Bills, have had S. C. R. No. 26 carefully examined and compared and find same correctly enrolled.

GREER, Chairman.

Committee on Engrossed Bills.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.
Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Engrossed Bills, have had S. B. No. 403 carefully examined and compared and find same correctly engrossed.

HARDIN, Chairman.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, March 14, 1931.
Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Engrossed Bills, have had S. B. No. 334 carefully examined and compared and find same correctly engrossed.

HARDIN, Chairman.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.
Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Engrossed Bills, have had S. J. R. No. 16 carefully examined and compared and find same correctly engrossed.

HARDIN, Chairman.

Committee Room,
Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.
Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Engrossed Bills, have had S. B. No. 407

carefully examined and compared and find same correctly engrossed.

HARDIN, Chairman.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Engrossed Bills, have had S. B. No. 26 carefully examined and compared and find same correctly engrossed.

HARDIN, Chairman.

Committee Reports.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

H. B. No. 131, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend subdivision 6 of Article 199, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of Texas of 1925, the same fixing the time and prescribing the number of terms of district court in and for the Sixth Judicial District of Texas, by providing for and prescribing an additional term of said court in Fannin County, and further providing that the judge of the Sixth Judicial District shall convene a grand jury in Fannin County at only two terms of said court in each year, unless in his judgment it be necessary for a grand jury at either or both of the remaining terms, and repealing all laws in conflict herewith, and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Dale.

H. B. No. 131.

A BILL

To Be Entitled

An Act to amend Subdivision 6 of Article 199, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of Texas of 1925, the same fixing the time and prescribing the number of terms of District Court in and for the Sixth Judicial District of Texas, by providing for and prescribing an additional term of said Court in Fannin County, and further providing that the Judge of the Sixth Judicial District shall convene a

Grand Jury in Fannin County at only two terms of said Court in each year, unless in his judgment it be necessary for a Grand Jury at either or both of the remaining terms, and repealing all laws in conflict herewith, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Subdivision 6 of Article 199, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of the State of Texas of 1925, be amended so that hereafter the same shall read as follows:

6—Fannin and Lamar.

Section 1. Terms of court in and for the Sixth Judicial District shall be hereafter held therein each year as follows:

In the County of Fannin on the second Monday in January of each year and may continue in session for six weeks;

In the County of Fannin on the seventh Monday after the second Monday of each year and may continue in session for four weeks;

In the County of Lamar on the eleventh Monday after the second Monday in January of each year and may continue in session for ten weeks;

In the County of Fannin on the twenty-first Monday after the second Monday in January of each year and may continue in session for eight weeks;

In the County of Lamar on the fifth Monday after the second Monday in August in each year and may continue in session six weeks;

In the County of Fannin on the eleventh Monday after the second Monday in August of each year and may continue in session six weeks;

In the County of Lamar on the seventeenth Monday after the second Monday in August of each year and may continue in session until the second Monday in January the following year;

Sec. 2. The Judge of the Sixth Judicial District shall convene a Grand Jury in the County of Lamar at only two terms of court in each year unless in his judgment it be necessary for a Grand Jury the third term, and the said Judge shall convene a Grand Jury in the County of Fannin at only two terms of court in each year unless in his judgment it be necessary for a Grand Jury for

either or both of the other two terms.

Sec. 3. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. The fact that in Fannin County the present arrangement for the January term of said District Court demands an additional term as herein prescribed in the interest of the people of said county in order that there will not be such a long time between the convening of the January term and the next term thereafter as now provided, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and said Rule is hereby suspended and it is so enacted.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 234, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Article 198, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, changing the said districts therein and creating the 12th Supreme Judicial District; providing for the appointment and qualifications of judges of said courts; providing for the terms and transfer of cases to said new court; regulating appeals and other proceedings originating in Dallas County which are placed in the Fifth and 12th Districts; adjusting other districts in conformity with the creation of said new district; providing for the apportionment of appeals from the Fifth and 12th districts; providing for quarters and library for said court, and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Moore.

S. B. No. 234.

A BILL

To Be Entitled

An Act amending Article 198, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, changing the said districts

therein and creating the 12th Supreme Judicial District; providing for the appointment and qualifications of judges of said courts; providing for the terms and transfer of cases to said new court; regulating appeals and other proceedings originating in Dallas County which are placed in the 5th and 12th Districts; adjusting other districts in conformity with the creation of said new district; providing for the apportionment of appeals from the 5th and 12th districts; providing for quarters and library for said court, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 198, Title 8, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925 be and the same is hereby amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

"Article 198. This State shall be divided into twelve Supreme Judicial Districts, composed of the following named counties for the purpose of constituting and organizing a Court of Civil Appeals in each of the several Supreme Judicial Districts as follows, to-wit:

"First: Trinity, Walker, Grimes, Burleson, Washington, Waller, Harris, Chambers, Austin, Colorado, Lavaca, DeWitt, Jackson, Matagorda, Wharton, Brazoria, Fort Bend, Galveston, Anderson, Houston.

"Second: Wichita, Clay, Montague, Wise, Tarrant, Cooke, Denton, Parker, Archer, Young, Jack.

"Third: Lee, Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis, Williamson, Burnet, Blanco, Llano, San Saba, Lampasas, Mills, McCulloch, Brown, Coleman, Runnels, Tom Green, Concho, Comal, Fayette, Coke, Sterling, Irion, Schleicher.

"Fourth: Val Verde, Guadalupe, Sutton, Edwards, Kinney, Maverick, Menard, Kimble, Kerr, Bandera, Uvalde, Valera, Dimmitt, Webb, La Salle, Frio, Medina, Duval, McMullen, Atascosa, Bexar, Kendall, Wilson, Live Oak, Zapata, Bee, Karnes, Victoria, Goliad, Hidalgo, Cameron, Starr, Jim Hogg, Real, Brooks, Jim Wells, Kleberg, Kenedy, Willacy, Gillespie, Mason, Gonzales, Calhoun, Refugio, San Patricio, Aransas, Neches.

"Fifth: Grayson, Collin, Dallas, Henderson, Ellis, Kaufman, Van Zandt.

"Sixth: Lamar, Red River, Bowie, Franklin, Titus, Morris, Cass, Upshur, Marion, Harrison, Gregg, Cherokee, Rusk, Panola, Camp, Wood, Smith.

"Seventh: Dallam, Sherman, Hansford, Ochiltree, Lipscomb, Hartley, Moore, Hutchinson, Roberts, Hemphill, Oldham, Potter, Carson, Gray, Wheeler, Deaf Smith, Randall, Armstrong, Donley, Collingsworth, Parmer, Castro, Swisher, Briscoe, Hall, Childress, Bailey, Lamb, Hale, Floyd, Motley, Cottle, Foard, Hardeman, Wilbarger, Crosby, Lubbock, Hockley, Cochran, Yoakum, Terry, Lynn, Garza, Dickens, Kent, King.

"Eighth: Dawson, Borden, Howard, Crockett, Gaines, Andrews, Martin, Loving, Winkler, Midland, Glasscock, Reeves, Ward, Crane, Upton, Reagan, Terrell, Pecos, Brewster, Presidio, Jeff Davis, El Paso, Ector, Culberson, Hudspeth.

"Ninth: Shelby, Nacogdoches, Angelina, San Jacinto, Montgomery, Liberty, Jefferson, Orange, Hardin, Newton, Jasper, Tyler, Polk, Sabine, San Augustine.

"Tenth: McLennan, Freestone, Coryell, Hamilton, Bosque, Navarro, Johnson, Somervell, Falls, Limestone, Hill, Brazos, León, Madison, Robertson, Milam, Bell.

"Eleventh: Mitchell, Scurry, Nolan, Fisher, Stonewall, Taylor, Jones, Haskell, Knox, Callahan, Shackelford, Throckmorton, Baylor, Comanche, Eastland, Stephens, Erath, Palo Pinto, Hood.

"Twelfth: Hunt, Fannin, Delta, Hopkins, Rains, Kaufman, Van Zandt, Rockwall, Dallas."

Sec. 2. Within thirty (30) days after the passage of this Act, the Governor shall appoint one chief justice and two associate justices for the 12th Supreme Judicial District, who shall reside in the territorial limits of said district, who shall possess the qualifications now required by law, who shall constitute a Court of Civil Appeals within and for the 12th Supreme Judicial District, and who shall hold their offices until the next general election, as provided by the Constitution, and who shall thereafter be elected and qualified as provided by law;

Provided, however, that if after this law becomes in effect there shall be any judge residing within any county within the newly created 12th

Supreme Judicial District, such judge shall become a member of the newly created court and the Governor shall only appoint one other associate justice and one chief justice, and the Governor shall fill by appointment the vacancy in any other court by reason thereof.

Sec. 3. The Court of Civil Appeals for the 12th Supreme Judicial District shall hold its sessions in the City of Greenville, in the County of Hunt, and its terms shall be governed by the law governing and relating to terms of other Courts of Civil Appeals in this State; provided, however, that said Court may commence its first session immediately upon appointment and qualification of the Judges thereof and the organizing of the Court.

Sec. 4. Immediately upon the appointment of the judges herein provided, it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Court of Civil Appeals now in possession of the papers in any case appealed from any county included within the 12th Supreme Judicial District to immediately get up a list of such cases, and the Chief Justice shall order the transfer of such cases as have not been submitted or taken under advisement by the Court to the proper District, and said Chief Justice shall thereafter transfer such cases on file in any Court to the newly created Court if under the provisions hereof they should be transferred.

Sec. 5. All cases and proceedings originating in Dallas, Kaufman, Van Zandt, and Rockwall Counties appealed or otherwise taken to the Court of Civil Appeals during the months of January, February, March, April, May and June of each year shall be filed in the Court of Civil Appeals for the Fifth Supreme Judicial District, and those appealed or otherwise taken to the Court of Civil Appeals during the remaining months of each year shall be filed in the Court of Civil Appeals for the 12th Supreme Judicial District. Provided that all proceedings which are ancillary to any case or proceeding in either of said courts of Civil Appeals shall be filed in the Court where the main case or proceeding is pending. In cases or proceedings pending in any Court of Dallas, Kaufman, Van Zandt and Rockwall, Counties where an appeal or writ of error

is allowed by law the appellant or plaintiff in error, in giving notice of appeal or filing application for writ of error during the months of January, February, March, April, May and June of each year shall give notice of appeal or file such application for writ of error to the Court of Civil Appeals for the 5th Supreme Judicial District, and in giving such notice or filing such application for writ of error during the remaining months of each year to the Court of Civil Appeals for the 12th Supreme Judicial District. If no court is named in such notice of appeal or other proceeding and in cases or proceedings wherein the court is erroneously named then it shall be conclusively deemed to include the court which should have been named as hereinbefore provided, and such cases or other proceedings shall be filed in the court to which notice of appeal or application for writ of error should be given or filed as provided by this Act. Provided that should any such case or proceeding be filed in the wrong court of Civil Appeals the court in which they are so filed, shall, acting alone without the concurrence or approval of the other court, have jurisdiction and power to transfer same to the Court of Civil Appeals in which same should have been originally filed, and upon being so transferred the latter court shall acquire jurisdiction thereof, the same as if originally filed in said court at the time they were filed in such other court. Provided no court shall re-transfer any cause.

Sec. 6. Provided that the Commissioners' Court of Hunt County shall furnish, provide and equip a suitable room or rooms and a library for said court and the members thereof without cost to the State.

Sec. 7. The fact that the courts of the State are crowded, that within the past six months 167 more cases have been appealed to the Court of Civil Appeals, than were appealed in the previous six months, that the Fifth Court of Civil Appeals transferred 152 cases to other courts of Civil Appeals in the past twelve months, that litigants are placed at great expense in having their cases postponed from time to time, and that there is great need for an additional Court of Civil Appeals to re-

Have the crowded and congested conditions of the existing Court, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended, and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and said rule is hereby suspended, and it is so enacted.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 24, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 296, A bill to be entitled "An Act fixing the traveling expenses of district judges and district attorneys in each judicial district in this State containing four or more counties having a combined population, according to the Fifteenth Census of the United States of the year 1930, of not less than 103,925 nor in excess of 103,941; providing for expenses incurred while in the discharge of their official duties; providing the manner of payment, and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal only.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Hopkins.

S. B. No. 296.

A BILL

To Be Entitled

An Act fixing the traveling expenses of District Judges and District Attorneys in each judicial district in this State containing four or more counties having a combined population, according to the Fifteenth Census of the United States of the year 1930, of not less than 103,925 nor in excess of 103,941; providing for expenses incurred while in the discharge of their official duties; providing the manner of payment, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. All district judges and district attorneys in each judicial district in this state containing four or more counties having a combined population, according to the Fif-

teenth Census of the United States of the year 1930, of not less than 103,925 nor in excess of 103,941, when engaged in the discharge of their official duties in any county in this state other than the county of their residence, shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses while actually engaged in the discharge of such duties, not to exceed four dollars per day for hotel bills, and not to exceed four cents a mile when traveling by railroad, and not to exceed ten cents a mile when traveling by private conveyance, in going to and returning from the place where such duties are discharged, traveling by the nearest practical route. Such officers shall also receive the actual and necessary postage, telegraph, telephone and other expenses in connection with the discharge of their official duties. Such expenses shall be paid by the State upon the sworn account of each district judge or district attorney entitled thereto; provided, however, that no district judge or district attorney in districts provided by this act shall receive more than \$700.00 in any one year under all of the provisions of this Act. The account for said services shall be recorded in the official minutes of the district court of the county in which such judge or attorney resides.

Sec. 2. The fact that district judges and district attorneys in districts as provided for in this act are not allowed sufficient annual expenses, thus requiring the district judges and district attorneys to use their own personal funds in defraying expenses while in discharge of their official duties, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended, and that an emergency exists, and that said rule is hereby suspended, and that this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 23, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 366, A bill to be entitled

"An Act amending Section 29, Article 199, Title 8 of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, providing for the changing and fixing the times of holding the courts in the 29th Judicial District of Texas, and validating and continuing processes, and writs, bonds, recognizances, and jurors heretofore selected, etc., returnable to the terms of court, as they now exist, and continuing in session the district court which may now be in session until its term expires by law, and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Hardin. S. B. No. 366.

"TWENTY NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT CHANGING TIME OF HOLDING COURT."

An Act amending Section 29, Art. 199, Title 8 of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, providing for the changing and fixing the times of holding the Courts in the 29th Judicial District of Texas, and validating and continuing processes, and writs, bonds, recognizances, and Jurors heretofore selected etc., returnable to the terms of court, as they now exist, and continuing in session the District Court which may now be in session until its term expires by law, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas.

Section 1. The 29th Judicial District of Texas, shall be composed of the Counties of Erath, Palo Pinto, and Hood, as the same now exists, and the District Court shall be held therein as follows:

In the County of Erath. On the first Monday in January, and may continue in session until and including the last Saturday before the first Monday in March: On the first Monday after the third Saturday in May and may continue in session until and including the fourth Saturday in June: On the first Monday in September and may continue in session until and including the Saturday before the second Monday in November.

In the County of Palo Pinto: On the first Monday in March and may continue in session until and including the third Saturday in April: On the first Monday after the fourth Saturday in June and may continue in session until and including Saturday before the first Monday in August: On the second Monday in November and may continue in session until and including the second Saturday in December:

In the County of Hood: On the first Monday after the third Saturday in April and may continue in session until and including the third Saturday in May: On the first Monday in August, and may continue in session until and including Saturday before the first Monday in September: On the first Monday after the second Saturday in December and may continue in session until and including Saturday before the first Monday in January.

Sec. 2. All process issued or served before this Act goes into effect, including recognizances and bonds, returnable to the District Court of any of said counties, shall be considered as returnable to said Courts, in accordance with the terms prescribed by this Act, and all such process is hereby legalized and all grand and petit juries drawn and selected under existing laws in any of the counties in said judicial district shall be considered lawfully drawn and selected for the next term of the district court for their respective counties, held in accordance with this Act; provided, that if any court in any county of said judicial district shall be in session at the time this act, takes effect, said court shall continue in session until the term thereof shall expire under the terms of the existing law. Thereafter the courts of said counties shall conform to the requirements of this Act.

Sec. 3. No grand jury shall be drawn for the term in Erath County, beginning on the first Monday after the third Saturday in May; and no grand jury shall be drawn for the term in Palo Pinto County, beginning on the First Monday after the fourth Saturday in June; and no grand jury shall be drawn for the term in Hood County, beginning on the first Monday in August, provided however, that the judge of said court

may in his discretion from time to time order grand juries drawn for said terms or any of them.

Sec. 4. Whereas, the importance of this legislation, the crowded condition of the calendar, and the consequent necessity for readjustment of the times of holding court in all the counties, creates an imperative public necessity and an emergency exists requiring the suspension of the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days; therefore said Constitutional rule is hereby suspended, and this Act, shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 23, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 501, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending subdivision 3 of Article 1817, providing that the Court of Civil Appeals for the Third Supreme Judicial District shall be removed from Austin to Belton, in Bell County, Texas, providing the time, means, manner and conditions thereof; providing, however, that said Court shall remain in Austin if the City of Austin and/or County of Travis furnishes space and equipment within a certain time, and means and manner thereof; providing generally for the removal of said court, and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Hardin.

S. B. No. 501.

A BILL

To Be Entitled

An Act amending Subdivision 3 of Article 1817, providing that the Court of Civil Appeals for the Third Supreme Judicial District shall be removed from Austin to Belton, in Bell County, Texas, providing the time, means, manner and conditions thereof; providing, however, that said Court shall remain in Austin if the City of Austin and/or County of Travis fur-

nishes space and equipment within a certain time, and means and manner thereof; providing generally for the removal of said Court, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Subdivision 3, of Article 1817, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925 be and the same is hereby amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

"3. In the Third Supreme Judicial District, in the City of Austin, in the event the County of Travis and/or City of Austin shall fully furnish and equip suitable rooms for such Court of Civil Appeals and for the Justices thereof, without cost or expense to the State, so that the space now occupied in the badly crowded Capitol can be vacated; provided, however, that if said City and/or County do not provide rooms and equipment for said Court, suitable to the Board of Control, within six ((6) months from the effective date hereof, then, and in that event, said Court shall be removed to the City of Belton, Bell County, Texas, and said City and/or County shall furnish and equip rooms for such Court and the Justices thereof."

Sec. 2. The fact that other cities and/or counties have been required to furnish and equip suitable rooms for the Courts of Civil Appeals, and that the Capitol is badly crowded and the space occupied by said Court is badly needed for other Departments, and Travis County now has a new Court house where said Court can be conveniently located, as it is in other counties where the same are situated, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and said rule is hereby suspended, and it is so enacted.

Committee Room,

Austin, Texas, March 23, 1931.

Hon. Edgar E. Witt, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred

S. B. No. 537, A bill to be entitled "An Act repealing subdivision 87, of Article 199, of the Revised Civil Stat-

utes of 1925, abolishing the 87th Judicial District; providing the means, manner and time thereof, and amending subdivision 77 of said Article, providing the time of holding court in the 77th Judicial District, for the Counties of Freestone and Limestone; abolishing the office of district attorney in said district; providing that the county attorney in each of said counties shall act as district attorney and perform the duties thereof; providing for the issuance, service, return and enforcement of processes, writs, recognizances, bonds and all other proceedings and providing for the transfer of causes from the 87th District to the 77th District; and providing for the effective date hereof; and declaring an emergency."

Have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed in the Journal.

PATTON, Chairman.

By Poage and Greer. S. B. No. 537.

A BILL
To Be Entitled

An Act repealing Subdivision 87, of Article 199, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, abolishing the 87th Judicial District; providing the means, manner and time thereof, and amending Subdivision 77 of said Article, providing the times of holding court in the 77th Judicial District, for the Counties of Freestone and Limestone; abolishing the office of District Attorney in said District; providing that the County Attorney in each of said counties shall act as District Attorney and perform the duties thereof; providing for the issuance, service, return and enforcement of processes, writs, recognizances, bonds and all other proceedings and providing for the transfer of causes from the 87th District to the 77th District, and providing the effective date hereof; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Subdivision 87 of Article 199, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, be, and the same is, hereby repealed, effective January 1st, 1933, as herein provided.

Sec. 2. That Subdivision 77 of Article 199, of the Revised Civil Statutes of 1925, be, and the same is, hereby amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

"77.—Limestone and Freestone Counties.

Seventy-seventh Judicial District:

(a) Limestone County: On the first Monday in December, March, June and September and shall continue eight weeks.

(b) Freestone County: On the first Mondays in February, May, August and November and shall continue four weeks.

(c) The County Attorney of the respective counties above shall, on and after January 1st, 1933, act as District Attorney of each County, and shall perform the duties imposed by law on the District Attorney in his respective county. All suits and causes of action, and proceedings of every kind pending on the docket of what has heretofore been the 87th Judicial District Court, shall be placed by the Clerk on the docket of the 77th District Court, and shall be tried in the same manner by said Court as if the same had been filed or made returnable to said Court in the first place, and there shall be no necessity of any order being made for transfer of the same; provided however, that the Clerk of the 87th District Court may at any time, transfer any such case to the 77th District Court before the abolishment of said Court.

(d) All processes, returns, bonds, recognizances, and all other proceedings filed or issued in or from the 87th District Court shall be made returnable to and shall automatically be returnable to the 77th District Court, if at the time the same are made returnable, the 87th District Court will not be in existence, and all of the above proceedings shall be enforced by the 77th District Court. All proceedings heretofore filed or pending or returnable to the 87th District Court shall be disposed of by the 77th District Court, after the abolishment of the 87th District Court, and in the same manner as if the same had been filed or were pending in the 77th District Court."

Sec. 3. If any part of this Act shall be declared invalid by the courts, then such invalid part shall not affect the other provisions hereof.

Sec. 4. Said 87th District Court shall continue with the trial of cases and the performances of the duties enjoined on it by law until January 1st, 1933, at which time it shall no longer exist and shall be abolished.

Sec. 5. The shortness of the term and the fact that preparation should be immediately begun for the disposal of the cases pending in said Court creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended and that this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and said rule is hereby suspended, and it is so enacted.

FIFTIETH DAY.

Senate Chamber,
Austin, Texas, March 25, 1931.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock a. m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Edgar E. Witt.

The roll was called, a quorum being present, the following Senators answering to their names:

Beck.	Parr.
Berkeley.	Parrish.
Cousins.	Patton.
Cunningham.	Poage.
DeBerry.	Pollard.
Gainer.	Purl.
Greer.	Rawlings.
Hardin.	Russek.
Holbrook.	Small.
Hopkins.	Stevenson.
Hornsby.	Thomason.
Loy.	Williamson.
Martin.	Woodruff.
Moore.	Woodul.
Neal.	Woodward.
Oneal.	

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Pending the reading of the Journal of yesterday, the same was dispensed with on motion of Senator Williamson.

Petitions and Memorials.
(See Appendix.)

Committee Reports.
(See Appendix.)

Bills and Resolutions.

Point of Order.

Senator Woodul inquired whether or not House bills preceded joint resolutions on House bill days.

The Chair, Lieutenant Governor Edgar E. Witt, held that on House bill days the House bills were part of the morning call and that Joint Rule No. 24 placed joint resolutions on the calendar after the morning call; therefore, House bills preceded joint resolutions on the calendar.

H. C. R. No. 33.

The Chair laid before the Senate:

H. C. R. No. 33, Relating to a poet laureate for Texas.

Read and adopted.

Free Conference Requested.

On motion of Senator Moore, the Senate refused to concur in House amendments to S. B. No. 103 and requested a Free Conference Committee.

House Bill No. 6.

The Chair laid before the Senate on its second reading the following bill:

H. B. No. 6, A bill to be entitled "An Act further regulating the practice of medicine within this State requiring the payment of annual registration fee by all persons lawfully qualified and engaged in the practice of medicine, and conferring certain powers on the Texas State Board of Medical Examiners, etc., and declaring an emergency."

Read second time.

Amend House Bill No. 6 by striking out the words "a special fund to be" in line 39, page 3 of the printed bill, and the words "known as the 'Medical Registration Fund' in line 40, page 3 thereof, and insert in lieu thereof the words "the general revenue."

PARRISH.

The amendment was read.

Senator Moore raised the point of order that this amendment was out of order because it was written to apply to the printed House bill instead of the bill as printed in the Senate Journal which was the bill the Senate was considering.

The Chair requested Senator Par-